

# Firewalls and network security measures

In this video, you'll learn about different types of firewalls. These include hardware, software, and cloud-based firewalls. You'll also learn the difference between a stateless and stateful firewall and cover some of the basic operations that a firewall performs. Finally, you will explore how proxy servers are used to add a layer of security to the network.

A firewall is a network security device that monitors traffic to and from your network. It either allows traffic or it blocks it based on a defined set of security rules. A firewall can use port filtering, which blocks or allows certain port numbers to limit unwanted communication. For example, it could have a rule that only allows communications on port 443 for HTTPS or port 25 for email and blocks everything else. These firewall settings will be determined by the organization's security policy.

Let's talk about a few different kinds of firewalls. A hardware firewall is considered the most basic way to defend against threats to a network. A hardware firewall inspects each data packet before it's allowed to enter the network. A software firewall performs the same functions as a hardware firewall, but it's not a physical device. Instead, it's a software program installed on a computer or on a server. If the software firewall is installed on a computer, it will analyze all the traffic

received by that computer.  
If the software firewall is installed on a server,  
it will protect all the devices connected to the server.  
A software firewall typically costs  
less than purchasing a separate physical device,  
and it doesn't take up any extra space.  
But because it is a software program,  
it will add some processing burden  
to the individual devices.

Organizations may choose to use a cloud-based firewall.  
Cloud service providers offer firewalls as  
a service, or FaaS, for organizations.  
Cloud-based firewalls are software firewalls  
hosted by a cloud service provider.  
Organizations can configure the firewall rules  
on the cloud service provider's interface,  
and the firewall will perform security operations on  
all incoming traffic before  
it reaches the organization's onsite network.  
Cloud-based firewalls also protect any assets or  
processes that an organization  
might be using in the cloud.

All the firewalls we have discussed can be  
either stateful or stateless.  
The terms "stateful" and "stateless"  
refer to how the firewall operates.  
Stateful refers to a class  
of firewall that keeps track of  
information passing through it  
and proactively filters out threats.  
A stateful firewall analyzes  
network traffic for characteristics and  
behavior that appear suspicious  
and stops them from entering the network.  
Stateless refers to a class  
of firewall that operates based on  
predefined rules and does not  
keep track of information from data packets.  
A stateless firewall only acts according to  
preconfigured rules set by the firewall administrator.  
The rules programmed by the firewall administrator tell  
the device what to accept and what to reject.  
A stateless firewall doesn't store analyzed information.  
It also doesn't discover  
suspicious trends like a stateful firewall does.

For this reason, stateless firewalls are considered less secure than stateful firewalls.

A next generation firewall, or NGFW, provides even more security than a stateful firewall. Not only does an NGFW provide stateful inspection of incoming and outgoing traffic, but it also performs more in-depth security functions like deep packet inspection and intrusion protection. Some NGFWs connect to cloud-based threat intelligence services so they can quickly update to protect against emerging cyber threats.

Now you have a basic understanding of firewalls and how they work. We learned that firewalls can be hardware or software. We also discussed the difference between a stateless and stateful firewall and the security benefits of a stateful firewall. Finally, we discussed next generation firewalls and the security benefits they provide. Coming up, we'll learn more about virtual networks.

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